

Understanding perceptions of cervical screening among 50 to 70 year old women

Cervical screening uptake for women who are screened every 5 years (aged 50-64 years old) is declining with specific worries for women aged 60-64 where uptake has reached a 18-year low. Furthermore an NHS report* found 56% of women aged 50-64 with fully invasive cancer hadn't been screened within seven years, compared to only 16% of women without cervical cancer. In response to this Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust commissioned a survey with YouGov in 2011 which explored knowledge of cervical cancer and barriers to screening for women aged 50 to 70.

All figures, unless otherwise stated, are from YouGov Plc. Total sample size was 2397 females aged 50 to 70. Fieldwork was undertaken between 16 and 21 December 2011. The survey was carried out online. The figures have been weighted and are representative of all UK females aged 50 to 70.

Key findings include:

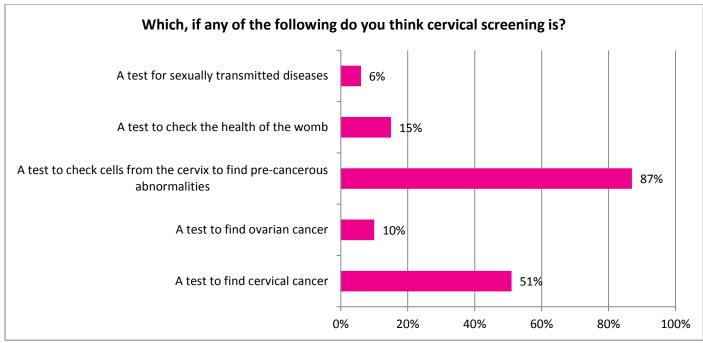
- 31% didn't consider screening necessary for all women with that figure more than doubling (67%) amongst those who had never attended screening
- 68% were unaware that the main cause of cervical cancer is HPV
- Single, separated and divorced women were more likely to have never been for screening compared to women who were married or in a relationship
- Only 33% said the information they received was informative and less than half (49%) thought their screening invite made it clear why the test is important
- 37% said they would be more likely to book a screening appointment if they were given age-relevant information
- Only 11% of all those surveyed knew all the symptoms of cervical cancer

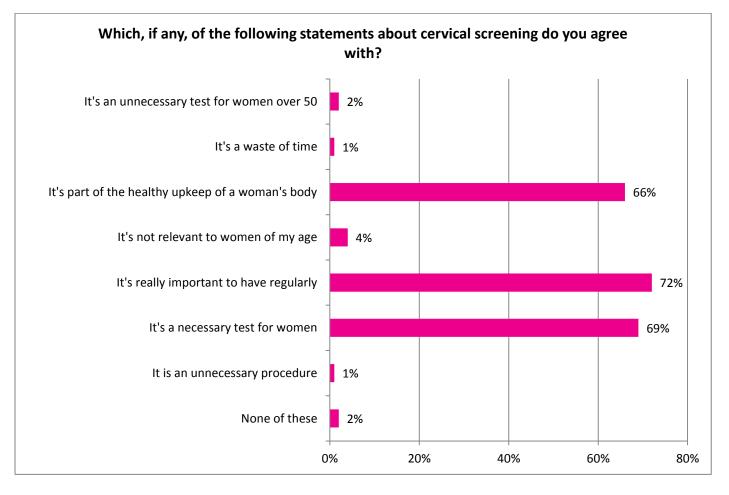
These results show that there are significant barriers to screening amongst this group including a lack of knowledge about the disease, about the test as well as negative feelings about the procedure. Furthermore information provided on cervical screening invitation letters need to be more detailed, highlighting the importance of attending cervical screening regardless of ones age. Due to these results Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust is running more targeted outreach and campaigning work for this older age group.

* The NHSCSP Audit of invasive cervical cancer national report 2007-10

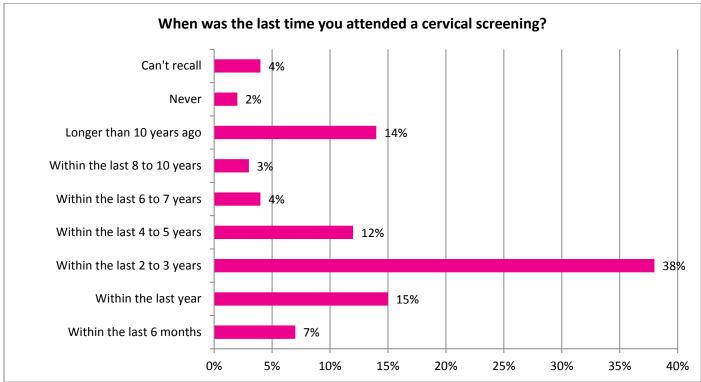
Below are the top line results:

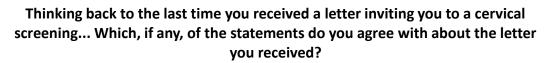


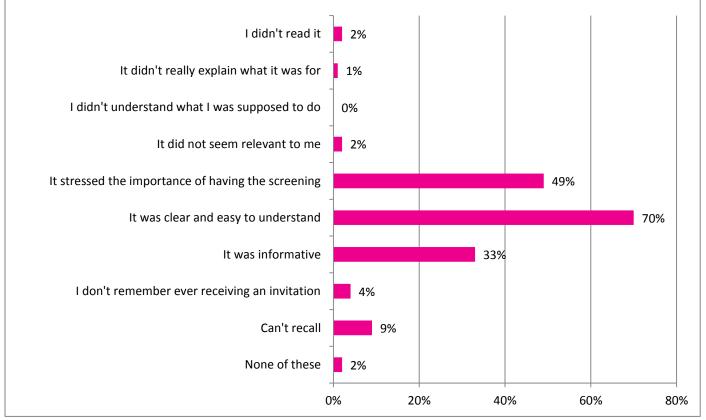




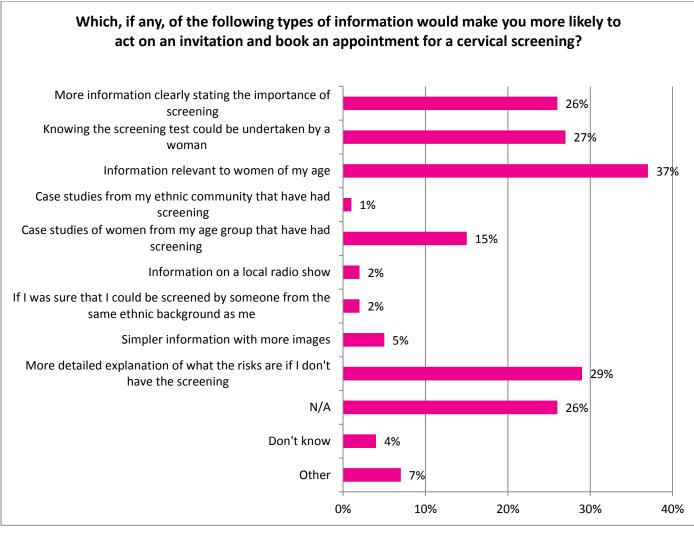




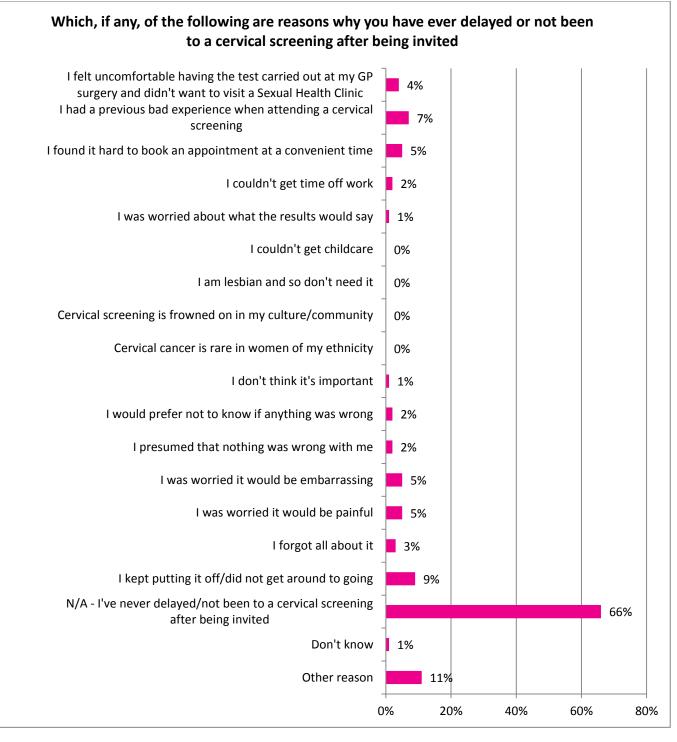






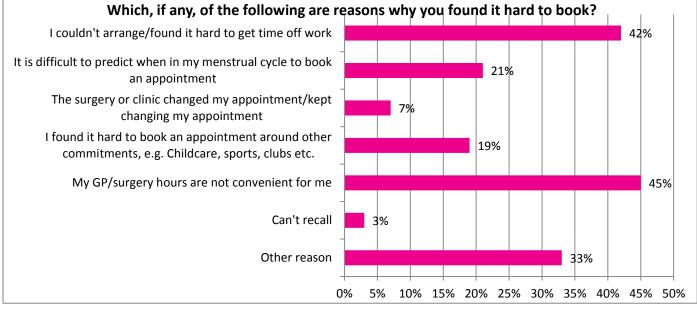








You mentioned that you found it hard to book a cervical screening appointment at a convenient time, which resulted in you delaying or booking a screening after being invited...



Which, if any, of the following would encourage you to attend a cervical screening appointment?

Knowing that I can ask the person taking the test to stop at 25% any time if it was to uncomfortable or painful Knowing there is an option of a drop-in appointment 26% Knowing there is a range of sizes of speculum (the 21% instrument used for opening the vagina during the test) Knowing that I can be seen by a female health care 35% professional Knowing that the person carrying out the test would make 49% me feel comfortable, relaxed and take their time Having confidence that the person carrying out the test is 43% properly trained Knowing that if I wanted the person carrying out the 3% screening would be of the same ethnic background as me Being able to take time off work to go 10% More knowledge about the test and why it is important 11% More choice of where to have the screening test (i.e. 18% Different clinics to my GP surgery) Extended hours at my GP surgery 22% N/A - nothing would encourage me to attend an 11% appointment Other 10% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60%